Evidence has been received concerning criminal convictions of a witness.¹ You may consider this evidence for one purpose only. If, considering the nature of the crime(s), you believe that this bears on the witness's truthfulness, then you may consider it, together with all other facts and circumstances bearing upon the witness' truthfulness, in deciding whether you will believe or disbelieve the witness's testimony at this trial. You may not consider this evidence for any other purpose.

 $^{^{1}\;}$ For limitations as to crimes applicable, see G.S. 8C-1, Rule 609.

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